## GORDEEV et al. S.N. 09/424,760

SUBCI

where

 $M_{c}$  - molecular mass of carbon, g/mole; molecular mass of the selected carbide,

g/mole;

 $M_k$ 

 $\rho_k$  - density of the selected carbide, g/ccm;

 $\rightarrow$   $\rho_c$  - density of carbon, g/ccm;

 $ec{ec{v}}$  - number of carb $\delta_{
m D}$  atoms in carbide molecule;

forming an intermediate body with transport pores having a size larger than 100 nm by shaping the selected powders,

heat treating the intermediate body in a medium of gaseous hydrocarbon or hydrocarbon mixtures at a temperature exceeding the decomposition temperature for the hydrocarbon or hydrocarbons until the mass of the intermediate body has increased at least 3% thereby producing a work piece in the form of a rigid carbonaceous skeleton; and

thereafter thermochemically treating the work piece in a medium of a gaseous halogen to produce the porous carbon article having nanopores of a size X.

Amend claim 31 as follows:

wherein the mixture of hydrocarbons comprises a natural gas.